

## Poetry.

## THE CHURCHYARD.

Solemn city of the dead,  
 Whence through thy narrow halls  
 Begone as when the link-brighter  
 Cliffs to a blayen (wailing) call:  
 Silence deep, and we're rebelling  
 Groping upon the gloomy soil  
 Musing over thoughts which Time  
 Wins up to his ample fold!  
 City of the dead, how solemn  
 To tread thy paths among:  
 And to pause by hallowed graves  
 Bearing names that fame hath sung.  
 At the simple low-voiced tones  
 Telling of life's journey,  
 On the last monument,  
 While the shades silently rest.  
 Why so softly I must pause  
 Sleepers of the narrow house!  
 No, because up on the wall  
 I see the names of those who  
 By the air that flows around  
 By the willows o'er the waving  
 By the stream this green-bank leaving;  
 By the songs of gentle birds  
 Flitting where the leaves are stirred;  
 By the dead, in whose long slumber  
 Years are moments without number,  
 Hallowed ground by every heart  
 Art hallowed, or 'ere laid spoken,  
 By the heart hallowed ground!  
 O'er the tomb for Heaven to hold:  
 Sleeping here as those who lie  
 Quiescent in the life of sleep,  
 Their souls soaring high to meet  
 Fields with corn and harvest fields,  
 Those whose hearts on willows hang  
 Echo still sweet songs they sung;  
 And it is city of the dead,  
 Soon must be laid our weary head!  
 M. CARROLL, 1859. T. H. B.

## LINES.

## BY LENA J. WOOD.

"Mother, to leave my native land,  
 And seek a foreign home;  
 Because my father claims my hand,  
 To whome I am bound."  
 Thy son would tread the slippery ground,  
 That leads to the crimson field;  
 His eye would look on the face of war,  
 And his hand on the sword of steel;  
 "By the living God, and the living face,  
 Have I come to this," I say;  
 And when you say, "I was far from this,"  
 O mother, tell them so.  
 Tell them 'twas love, pure love for thee,  
 That led me to this foreign shore;  
 And find for me the deep, blue sea,  
 A stranger's lonely home.  
 As I walk a dreary ground, August moon,  
 Beneath Ohio's sky,  
 And spread o'er hill and grassy lawn,  
 For many a tired day,  
 A strange place, where pallid brow  
 And half-closed eyes, short breath,  
 The livid lips that parted now  
 Tell plain the work of death!  
 And then, by stranger hands were laid  
 Back from the pale and face  
 The thick damp locks of Eden shade  
 A that had such noble trace,  
 On the banks of a tiny stream,  
 In a lonely grove,  
 Where silence no longer is lonely,  
 Apathy the sleeping brow.  
 Though time has flown, far o'er the deep,  
 A mother's love is true;  
 Still watches her boy, who sleeps  
 Beneath a foreign sky.  
 Fond mother, let me go above!  
 From the night, better land  
 The noble soul looks down in love  
 From the land of the angel band.

## GOOD NIGHT.

## BY MARY TREVIN.

Good night, a kind good-night, love,  
 The stars are in the sky,  
 And I wait far away, love;  
 The tear drop's in my eye  
 As I murmur good night, good night.  
 Good night, a kind good-night, love,  
 We now are called to part;  
 And when I roam in lands afar, love,  
 I'll cherish in my heart  
 Your last good night, good night.  
 Good night, a kind good-night, love,  
 When I'm far, far from your side;  
 Upon the bosom of the sea, love,  
 May winds that blow at my side,  
 Whisper to me, good night, good night.

## Miscellaneous.

## The True End of Labor.

There is not much famed wisdom, applicable in the present state of things, in the saying of that ancient philosopher who taught us that, "the end of labor was to gain leisure," although in one sense, it may be true.  
 When labor is directed to the invention of means to relieve man of the drudgery of life, and is successful, we can say, if leisure is not gained, valuable aid is in doing the hard work of the world.  
 Still, leisure is not gained, in the strict sense of that word: the means, or instruments, which take the place of human hands, are not unlike the latter in one particular—they require intelligent direction.  
 If to gain leisure were the only end of labor, then those who "shirked" the latter would enjoy the former in the highest degree, but we find in practice that this does not hold true; the man of leisure is not at all free from labor, but has the most fatiguing life to live.  
 There is a higher purpose in labor, if we could only see it aright, and go about it with a proper motive and a sincere aim.  
 There can be no sound development, true health of the human body without well directed labor, and there can be no mental or moral power worthy of the name which has not been developed and directed into useful channels, by severe and continued effort.  
 No effort should be made to ignore labor, and thus deprive us of every joy of life, for labor produces these, nor should we regard labor as an end, but as a means of fitting us for the higher purposes of life.  
 The true end of labor is not to supersede its necessity altogether, but to do so in a manner that will not involve man from drudgery, and control the physical forces of the world.

## THE PASSING MONTHS.

One after another the fleeting minutes days and months pass away, and with each one's departure, we find ourselves nearer the end of life's journey; yet how little do we reflect upon the solemnity of the thought.  
 It will require but a few more passing months to bring us to the terminus of our pilgrimage; and what then? Shall we be able to look back upon the scenes through which we have passed, and dwell with pleasure upon the remembrance of the part we acted in them?  
 How many tears have we shed by our kindred? How much distress have we alleviated by our sympathy? How many sorrows have we made lighter by sharing them, as far as in us lay? How much upon whom they had fallen? How much affliction have we made lighter by our efforts to lift it from the hearts of those oppressed by it? How many pains have we robbed of their sting or antedated by our kindly ministrations?  
 These will be questions of far more importance to us when the light of eternity begins to dawn upon the dim vista before us, than whether we are rich in this world's goods or not. If by acts of mercy we have blessed our fellows, and thus "laid up treasure in heaven," it will be a kind of wealth which will infinitely outweigh the largest accumulation of gold that a mortal can heap up.  
 The revolving months awaken these reflections, and we can probably spend a few hours in no manner as profitably as in reviewing our own acts during the past month.  
 How much good have we done? Who has been made happier by our presence? To whom have we ministered? With whom shared our sympathy? Has selfishness or benevolence been the ruling motive by which we have been impelled to action during the past thirty days? Have we done anything that will justify others in "rising up and calling us blessed?"  
 Alas! have we plotted evil against any one? Have we been unjust to any? Have we wronged any by word or act or suspicion? Have we spoken evil of our neighbors? Have we wrongfully accused any one? Have we cultivated that charity which "thinketh no evil?"  
 Who can look back upon the past month and smile over its labors? Who can lay the unctious to his soul that "in lies at his door?" Who can say? "I have inflicted no pain, would to my heart, caused no high degree of grief!" I say, they should "rejoice and be glad," for such a conclusion is worth more than silver or gold.

## A GRAVE ERROR.

We sometimes hear parents and others avail themselves of the credulity of children to impose upon them, for the sake of enjoying a laugh at their expense. This is a grave error; nay, it is more, it is a positive crime. That implicit confidence of childhood is one of the noblest features of its young nature; it is a relic of Eden, a dim shadow of the purity of Paradise before sin came and man fell; and they who destroy or weaken it, commit a sin against the child and through it against the race.  
 The child looks up to its parents and instructors with a full trust in their ability to impart information, and honesty of purpose in doing so. They do not expect to be deceived, or to be told things which are not true. It does not enter their minds that a parent or teacher would willingly impose upon them for no higher motive than a momentary sport; and yet this is too true in many instances. Alas, that it should be so!  
 The wonderment and astonishment of the open-eyed and open-mouthed little one is food for the mirth of the story-teller, and the unsuspecting victim of this thoughtless wickedness for a time remains duped. But it can not be long until the scales will fall from the eyes of the child; and he will then have learned his first lesson in duplicity and deception. He will scarcely ever recover from the sad awakening to crime on the part of the parent.  
 The gem of unsuspecting innocence is forever dimmed in his soul, and no longer is he the confiding child who believes where is truth in his parent and in the world.  
 Oh, how many little ones are ruined for life in this way. How the priceless oil is stained with a first lesson in falsehood. And, worst of all, how it is taught by the laughter of the deceiver, that the crime is not one of magnitude, but something merely to make sport over! Is it any wonder he becomes a liar?  
 It may seem harsh to speak thus roughly; but Truth is abrupt; and we should like to startle those who are guilty of the practice of playing upon the credulity of children, by bringing them thus fairly and plainly to face the result of their misdoing.  
 If falsehoods are sown will not the crop be lies? If duplicity is manifested by the parent, will not deceit flourish in the child? As certainly as effect follows its legitimate cause will these things be so.  
 Every parent, therefore, or teacher, who indulges in the most reprehensible practice here spoken of, is sowing the seed of falsehood in the bosom of a child, and leading it forward by most rapid strides on the way of hypocrisy.  
 Never deceive a child. Never abuse its confidence. Never be guilty of such a crime as to destroy its fine sensibility of truth by falsehood, or turn its trusting faith in your words to worse than doubt of your truthfulness. You destroy the child and degrade yourself, in its estimation by such unpardonable conduct. Do it never.  
 Messenger W.

On the morning of April first an elegant equipage drove to our door and stopped, the footman alighted, and on our servant recognizing the bell-summings, a card was presented bearing in delicate figures the name of Lily Milton, we immediately repaired to the drawing room, but dear under the real Lily Milton was not there, but a huge wretched man lay reclining on a chair, we started back in surprise while a musical laugh fell upon our ears from the front of the room, we turned to look and all we could see was a fairy form sitting alone the steps and the sudden start of the surprise. Dear Lily, this is the first time we ever got the man, but may it not be, dear girl, one way of asking for our hand?

## THE CHILD'S INQUIRY.

"Mother, who made the world?" asked a little child of four summers.  
 "God, my child."  
 "Did God make the stars?"  
 "Yes."  
 "And the sun and moon?"  
 "Yes, every thing we see."  
 "All the beautiful birds and bright flowers?"  
 "Yes, all, darling."  
 "Well, did he make the weeds, too?"  
 "Yes."  
 "And snakes, and ugly animals, and bugs and insects?"  
 "Yes, every being and every thing you can see."  
 The little one was thoughtful for a time, and then said:  
 "God made the world for us to live on, and he made things to grow upon for us to eat, so we would not die for food; and he made the sun to give us light and keep us warm, and the moon and stars to shine at night; and these are good things, and I know why God made them. But for what did he make the nasty weeds, and the snakes, and flies, and bad insects? Can you tell, mother?"  
 "No, I cannot tell; for God is so much wiser than us, that we cannot see all the wisdom of His ways and works."  
 The same question that puzzled the child has been equally in the way of the philosopher. That which we can partly understand and assign a reason for seems to us right and proper, but when we fail to see the utility of any thing, or to comprehend the wisdom of its creation or existence, we are apt to condemn it. But if we could see as God sees, all would be clear.  
 The heathen, in their perplexity to account for good and evil, ascribe the one to a good and the other to a bad god, which only increases the difficulty. But the wisdom and reason of men are foolishness with God, and even to an enlightened finite mind.

## AYER'S

## Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF  
 Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in bilious derangement, caused by the Malaria of malarious countries.  
 No one remedy is louder called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague. Such a remedy we are now enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.  
 That which protects from or prevents this disease must be of immense service in the communities where it prevails. Prevention is better than cure, for the patient escapes the risk which he must run in violent attacks of this baleful distemper. This "Cure" expels the malarious poison of FEVER AND AGUE from the system and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body, and in bilious districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all—the poor as well as the rich. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittent is, that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinine or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.  
 Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the malarious poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysteria, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittent, if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC, are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely without or create them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health and energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and harmless.  
 Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, Biliousness, Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions. They are an excellent alternative for the renovation of the blood and the restoration of tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF  
 Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.  
 So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the respiratory organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted who can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.  
 PREPARED BY  
 DR. J. C. AYER & CO.  
 LOWELL, MASS.

## Fever and Ague,

from which mankind suffer over a large part of the globe, is the consequence of a diseased action in the system, induced by the malarious miasm of the vegetable decay. This miasm is evolved by the action of solar heat on wet soil, and rises with the watery vapor from it. While the sun is below the horizon this vapor rises near the earth's surface, and the virus is taken with it through the lungs into the blood. There it acts as an irritating poison on the internal viscera and excretory organs of the body. The liver becomes torpid and fails to secrete its bile, which it is obliged to secrete into the blood. Both the virus and the bile accumulate in the circulation, and produce violent constitutional disorder. The spleen, the kidneys, and the stomach sympathize with the liver, and become disordered also. Finally, the instinct of our organism, as if in an attempt to expel the noxious matter, causes the whole blood of the body to be in the internal excretories to force them to cast it out. The blood leaves the surface, and rushes to the central organs with congestive violence. This is the malarious fever, or Fever and Ague. Such constitutional disorder will of course undermine the health if it is not removed.  
 We have labored to find, and have found, an antidote.

## Ayer's Ague Cure,

which neutralizes this malarious poison in the blood, and stimulates the liver to expel it from the body. As it should, so it does cure this afflicting disease with perfect certainty. And it does more, or rather does what is of more service to those subject to this infection. If taken in season it expels it from the system as it is absorbed, and thus keeps those who are free from its attacks, as free from the system in health although exposed to the disease. Consequently it is not only a cure, but a protection, the great variety of affections which are induced by this miasm, such as Biliousness, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Blindness, Catarrh, Asthma, Indigestion, Painful Affections of the Spleen, Hysteria, Colic, Paralysis, and Painful Affections of the Stomach and Bowels, all of which, when arising from this cause, will be cured by its use, or less the intermittent type. This "Ague Cure" removes the cause of these derangements, and cures the disease.  
 This is accomplished by stimulating the excretories to expel the virus from the system; and these organs by degrees become habituated to do this their office of their own accord. Hence arises what we term a permanent cure. Time may accomplish the same end, but often life is long enough, or is sacrificed in the attempt, while this "Ague Cure" does it at once, and with safety. We have great reason to believe this is a sure and well secured remedy for the malarious fever, and any other which has been discovered; and it has still another important advantage to the public, which is, that it is cheap as well as good.

## PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.  
 LOWELL, MASS.

## PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the cures of the virtuous, where it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best standard, and often life is long enough, or is sacrificed in the attempt, while this "Ague Cure" does it at once, and with safety. We have great reason to believe this is a sure and well secured remedy for the malarious fever, and any other which has been discovered; and it has still another important advantage to the public, which is, that it is cheap as well as good.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A PURGATIVE MEDICINE.  
 FOR COSTIVENESS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA;  
 FOR JAUNDICE;  
 FOR THE CURE OF INDIGESTION;  
 FOR HEADACHE;  
 FOR THE CURE OF DYSMENSTRY;  
 FOR A FOUL STOMACH;  
 FOR THE CURE OF HEMIPLEGIA;  
 FOR THE PILES;  
 FOR THE CURE OF SCURVY;  
 FOR ALL SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF RHEUMATISM;  
 FOR DYSURIA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT;  
 FOR DROPSY;  
 FOR THE CURE OF TETTER, TUNORS AND SALT RHEUM;  
 FOR WOUNDS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF GOUT;  
 FOR A DINNER PILL;  
 FOR THE CURE OF NEURALGIA;  
 FOR FURUNCLES OF THE SKIN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF LUPULUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF LEUCORRHOEA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF GONORRHOEA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF VENEREAL AFFECTIONS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE EYES;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE EARS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE NOSE;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LUNGS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE STOMACH;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE ANUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERITONEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIAPHRAGM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE SPLEEN;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PANCREAS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE BILIARY SYSTEM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITURARY ORGANS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE UTERUS;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE VAGINA;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE CERVIX;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PERINEUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE RECTUM;  
 FOR THE CURE OF ALL